# Детектор диоксида углерода Ах60

Руководство по эксплуатации

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Киргизия +996(312)96-26-47

эл.почта: axq@nt-rt.ru || сайт: https://analox.nt-rt.ru/

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## 1 Safety information

### Warnings, Cautions and Notes

Warnings are used in this Manual to indicate potentially hazardous situations which could result in serious injury or death. Cautions are used in this Manual to indicate potentially hazardous situations which could result in equipment damage or loss of data. Notes are used in this Manual to indicate supplementary information that is not hazard related.

WARNING: READ THE SAFETY INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL BEFORE

INSTALLING OR USING THE Ax60.

■ WARNING: DO NOT TEST THE CO₂ ALARM WHEN IT IS CLOSE TO THE EARS. IT

HAS A HIGH VOLUME SOUNDER WITH A SOUND LEVEL OF 88

**DECIBELS AT A DISTANCE OF 3 METRES.** 

WARNING: DO NOT TEST THE CO₂ ALARM WHEN IT IS CLOSE TO THE EYES. IT

HAS A HIGH VISIBILITY STROBE LIGHT WITH A LUMINOUS

**INTENSITY OF 100 CANDELA.** 

△ WARNING: PERFORM A RISK ASSESSMENT BEFORE INSTALLING CO₂

SENSORS AND CO<sub>2</sub> ALARMS. IDENTIFY POTENTIAL SOURCES OF CO<sub>2</sub> LEAKS AND AREAS OF HUMAN OCCUPATION. DO NOT USE A

SINGLE CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR TO COVER MORE THAN 80M<sup>3</sup>. USE

ADDITIONAL CO<sub>2</sub> SENSORS IF AN AREA HAS A COMPLEX SHAPE, PHYSICAL OBSTACLES, POOR VENTILATION OR ZONES WHERE

CO<sub>2</sub> MAY COLLECT.

WARNING: INSTALL CO₂ SENSORS AT A HEIGHT OF 12" (305MM) TO 18"

(457MM) ABOVE FLOOR LEVEL. THIS IS BECAUSE CO2 IS HEAVIER

THAN AIR AND MAY COLLECT AT A LOW LEVEL.

△ WARNING: DO NOT OPEN THE CENTRAL DISPLAY, CO₂ SENSOR OR CO₂ ALARM

IF THEY ARE CONNECTED TO THE POWER SUPPLY. FIRST DISCONNECT AND ISOLATE THEM FROM LIVE HAZARDOUS

VOLTAGE.

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### 2 Informations de sécurité

### Avertissements, mises en garde et notes

Dans ce manuel, les avertissements sont utilisés pour indiquer les situations potentiellement dangereuses pouvant entrainer des blessures graves voire mortelles. Les mises en garde de ce manuel sont utilisées pour indiquer des situations potentiellement dangereuses pouvant endommager le matériel ou engendrer la perte de données. Les notes de ce manuel indiquent des informations supplémentaires n'impliquant aucun danger particulier.

AVERTISSEMENT: LIRE LES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ CONTENUES DANS

CE MANUEL AVANT D'INSTALLER OU D'UTILISER Ax60.

△ AVERTISSEMENT: NE PAS TESTER LE DÉTECTEUR DE CO<sub>2</sub> À PROXIMITÉ DES

OREILLES CAR IL POSSÈDE UN ÉMETTEUR TRÈS PUISSANT

AVEC UN NIVEAU SONORE DE 88 DÉCIBELS À UNE

DISTANCE DE 3 MÈTRES.

A AVERTISSEMENT: NE PAS TESTER LE DÉTECTEUR DE CO₂ À PROXIMITÉ DES

YEUX CAR IL POSSÈDE UNE LUMIÈRE STROBOSCOPIQUE AVEC UNE INTENSITÉ LUMINEUSE DE 100 CANDELAS.

AVERTISSEMENT: EFFECTUER UNE ÉVALUATION DES RISQUES AVANT

D'INSTALLER LES CAPTEURS DE CO<sub>2</sub> ET LE DÉTECTEUR DE CO<sub>2</sub>. IDENTIFIER LES SOURCES POTENTIELLES DE FUITES DE CO<sub>2</sub> ET LES ZONES D'OCCUPATION HUMAINE. NE PAS UTILISER UN SEUL CAPTEUR DE CO<sub>2</sub> POUR COUVRIR UNE SURFACE DE PLUS DE 80 M<sup>3</sup>. UTILISER DES CAPTEURS DE CO<sub>2</sub> SUPPLÉMENTAIRES SI UNE ZONE PRÉSENTE UNE FORME COMPLEXE, DES OBSTACLES PHYSIQUES, UNE VENTILATION DE MAUVAISE QUALITÉ OU DES ZONES OÙ

LE CO2 POURRAIT S'ACCUMULER.

△ AVERTISSEMENT: INSTALLER DES CAPTEURS DE CO<sub>2</sub> À UNE HAUTEUR

COMPRISE ENTRE 30,5 CM À 45,7 CM AU-DESSUS DU SOL,

CAR LE CO2 EST PLUS LOURD QUE L'AIR ET PEUT

S'ACCUMULER PRÈS DU SOL.

AVERTISSEMENT: NE PAS OUVRIR L'ÉCRAN CENTRAL, LE CAPTEUR DE CO2

OU LE DÉTECTEUR DE CO2 S'ILS SONT CONNECTÉS À UNE

SOURCE D'ALIMENTATION. COMMENCER PAR LES DÉBRANCHER ET LES ISOLER DES DANGERS DES

COMPOSANTS SOUS-TENSION.

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### 3 Hazard labels





CO<sub>2</sub> Alert

If siren sounds AND light flashes:

- 1. Evacuate restaurant immediately
- 2. Call 911 to report a CO<sub>2</sub> leak

If light ONLY is flashing:

- 1. Ventilate and leave area
- 2. Call for service: 0800-241-COKE (2653)
- 3. Evacuate restaurant if siren sounds

D0440 444





Si la sirena suena Y la luz destella:

- 1. Sal del restaurante inmediatamente
- 2. Llama al 911 para reportar una fuga de CO<sub>2</sub>

Si SOLO la luz destella:

- 1. Ventila el área y sal de ella
- 2. Llama al departamento de servicio:

800-241-COKE (2653)

3. Sal de restaurante si la sirena suena

P0148-412

Label 1 (above left) US English; (below left) UK English; (above right) US Spanish



Label 1 should be wall mounted adjacent to the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm.



If siren sounds AND light flashes:

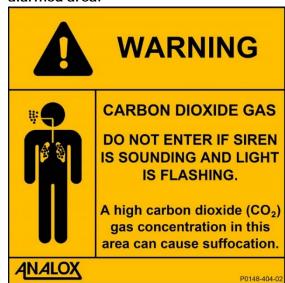
- 1. Evacuate building immediately
- 2. Notify management

If light ONLY is flashing:

- 1. Ventilate and leave area
- 2. Notify management

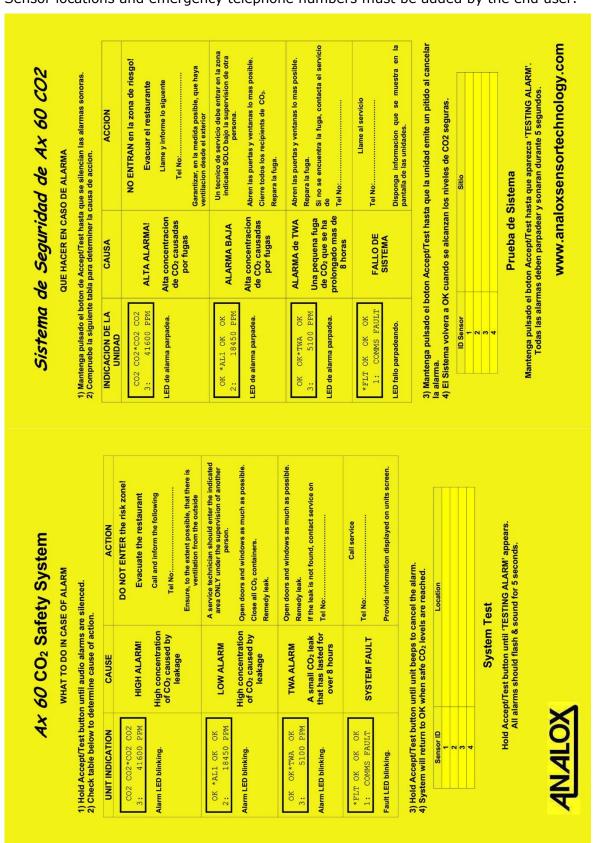
P0148-413-00

Label 2 (below) US and UK English. This label should be wall mounted outside the alarmed area.



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This label describes detailed alarm response procedures in both English and Spanish. Sensor locations and emergency telephone numbers must be added by the end user.



Label 3: This label should be wall-mounted adjacent to the Central Display

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### 4 Carbon dioxide

1,000ppm (0.1%)

5,000ppm (0.5%)

10,000ppm (1%)

15,000ppm (1.5%)

20,000ppm (2%)

30,000ppm (3%)

40,000-50,000ppm (4-5%)

50,000-100,000ppm (5-10%)

100,000-1,000,000ppm (10-100%)

NOTE:

- 1—1.5% Slight effect on chemical metabolism after exposures of several hours.
  - 3% The gas is weakly narcotic at this level, giving rise to deeper breathing, reduced hearing ability, coupled with headache, an increase in blood pressure and pulse rate.
  - 4—5% Stimulation of the respiratory centre occurs resulting in deeper and more rapid breathing. Signs of intoxication will become more evident after 30 minutes' exposure.
- 5—10% Breathing becomes more laborious with headache and loss of judgement.
- 10-100% When the  $CO_2$  concentration increases above 10%, unconsciousness will occur in less than one minute. Unless prompt action is taken, further exposure to these high levels will eventually result in death.
- Adapted from: 'Carbon Dioxide Physiological Hazards', Safety Info 24/11/E, European Industrial Gases Association.







### 5 Introduction

This User Manual explains how to install, operate and maintain the Ax60 and Ax60K. It is intended for system installers and end users. For information on servicing, refer to the *Ax60 Service Manual P0159-803*, downloadable from

### 5.1 Ax60 overview

The Ax60 is a life-safety device that measures the concentration of carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  in ambient air. It offers protection for people working in the proximity of high-concentration sources of  $CO_2$  and raises an alarm if the gas reaches unhealthy levels.

The Ax60 warns of an increase in  $CO_2$  by offering three types of alarm. A 'TWA' alarm is triggered by a time-weighted average of 5000 ppm (0.5%)  $CO_2$  during the previous eight hours (i.e. a measurement of the average exposure). A 'low' alarm is triggered by 15,000ppm (1.5%)  $CO_2$ . A 'high' alarm is triggered by 30,000ppm (3%)  $CO_2$ .

 $CO_2$  has many uses in beverage delivery, food production, fire suppression systems and laboratories. It is stored in liquid form in pressurised gas bottles or solid form (dry ice). The potentially lethal effects of  $CO_2$  are compounded by its physical properties—it is a colourless, odourless gas—and it has been known to cause suffocation without warning. Therefore there is a risk to health wherever  $CO_2$  is stored or used in an enclosed area.

Normal fresh air contains a safe  $CO_2$  level of 400 parts per million (0.04%). An increase to 15,000ppm  $CO_2$  (1.5%) may cause drowsiness, headache and increased breathing. A level of 30,000ppm  $CO_2$  (3%) may cause dizziness. If the level approaches or exceeds 100,000ppm  $CO_2$  (10%) this may lead to unconsciousness and eventually death.

### 5.1.1 Hard Wired and Quick Connect options

The standard Ax60 is available as either a **Hard Wired** or a **Quick Connect** option. This choice must be made when placing the order. Hard Wired systems are intended to be integrated with the building fabric. Quick Connect systems are pre-wired with Cat5e cables fitted with colour-coded RJ45 connectors for an easier installation. Both options require installers to connect the power supply unit and optional beacon to the Central Display. The main Ax60 components are illustrated below:



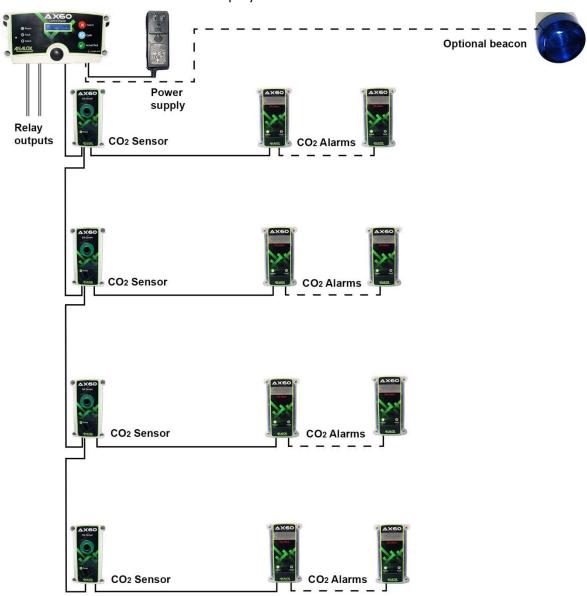
The standard Ax60 comprises one Central Display, up to four  $CO_2$  Sensors and up to eight  $CO_2$  Alarms. An optional high-visibility flashing beacon can also be connected for remote installation up to 50 metres away. This beacon acts as a highly visible but silent repeater, and is illuminated when any  $CO_2$  Sensor triggers an alarm.

In addition, two relays are available on the Central Display for connection to an external system such as a fire alarm panel or a ventilation fan (via an external mains relay).

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### 5.1.1.1 Typical arrangement

The Central Display is usually installed in a central location (e.g. a Manager's office) and connected to one or more  $CO_2$  Sensors fitted in remote areas such as store rooms or service corridors. The  $CO_2$  Sensors send alarm signals to one or more  $CO_2$  Alarm units in locations where they can be observed by management or crew. The Central Display monitors the  $CO_2$  Sensors and displays their current status and  $CO_2$  measurements.



### 5.1.2 Kiosk option

A compact version of the Ax60, the Ax60K **Kiosk**, is available for outdoor kiosks and food-court restaurants. This incorporates a  $CO_2$  Sensor,  $CO_2$  Alarm and power supply. The  $CO_2$  Sensor constantly monitors the air and detects increases in the level of carbon dioxide. If it detects a level of  $CO_2$  above set limits it sends a signal to the  $CO_2$  Alarm. The  $CO_2$  Alarm uses a high-visibility strobe light and high volume sounder to warn of increased levels of  $CO_2$ . The warnings vary depending on the amount of  $CO_2$  detected.

The power supply unit (PSU) supplies 24V DC to the  $CO_2$  Sensor, which in turn supplies power to the  $CO_2$  Alarm. The  $CO_2$  Sensor and  $CO_2$  Alarm are pre-wired with 2-metre connecting cables. A cable coupler is supplied to allow the cables to be connected.

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## 6 Checklist

## 6.1 Packages, consumables and tools

Dookogo	Ax60K Kiosk (K)		
Package contents	1 x CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor, including:		
(supplied by	1 x 2m factory fitted Quick Connect (QC) cable with blue RJ45		
Analox)	connector		
Andioxy	<ul> <li>1 x 1m factory fitted power cable to power supply unit (PSU)</li> </ul>		
	1 x CO <sub>2</sub> Alarm (additional CO <sub>2</sub> Alarms can be ordered) including:		
	1 x 2m factory fitted QC cable with blue RJ45 connector		
	1 x mains power supply unit (PSU) (plug-in type complete with		
	interchangeable heads to suit the destination country)		
	1 x PSU securing strip		
	1 x RJ45 coupler for connecting the cables		
	1 x hazard labels, information labels, templates and Quick Start Guide		
	Ax60 Quick Connect (QC)		
	1 x Central Display, including:		
	1 x 2m factory fitted Quick Connect (QC) cable with white RJ45		
	connector (for connection to CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor)		
	1 x power supply unit (PSU), either hard-wired type or plug-in type		
	depending on the package ordered		
	1 x PSU securing strip (for plug-in type PSU only)		
	1 to 4 x CO <sub>2</sub> Sensors (depending on the package ordered) each with:		
	1 x 2m factory fitted QC cable with white RJ45 connector (for		
	connection to the Central Display or another CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor)		
	1 x 2m factory fitted QC cable with blue RJ45 connector (for connection to $CO_2$ Alarm)		
	1 x 15m QC extension cable with 2 x white RJ45 connectors (for		
	larger installations)		
	1 to 8 x CO <sub>2</sub> Alarms (depending on the package ordered) each with:		
	1 x 2m factory fitted QC cable with blue RJ45 connector (for		
	connection to CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor)		
	$1 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted QC extension cable with $2 \times 15$ m factory fitted $2 \times 15$ m facto		
	connectors (for larger installations)		
	Selection of RJ45 couplers and RJ45 splitters		
	1 x high-visibility optional beacon (if ordered)		
	1 x hazard labels, information labels, templates and Quick Start Guide		
	Ax60 Hard Wired (HW)		
	1 x Central Display		
	1 x power supply unit (PSU), either hard-wired type or plug-in type		
	depending on the package ordered		
	1 x PSU securing strip (for plug-in type PSU only)		
	1 to 4 x CO <sub>2</sub> Sensors (depending on the package ordered)		
	1 to 8 x CO <sub>2</sub> Alarms (depending on the package ordered)		
	1 x high-visibility optional beacon (if ordered)		
	Self-adhesive foam gaskets for use in rear-entry cable installations 1 x hazard labels, information labels, templates and Quick Start Guide		
Consumables			
(depending on	Cat5e UTP 24AWG PVC cable, length to suit installation		
package)	M13 cable glands 5—7mm (nylon), quantity to suit installation Wall plugs and screws (fixing kits), quantity to suit installation		
Tools required (NOT	PZ1 Pozi screwdriver; 3mm flat blade screwdriver		
SUPPLIED)	Cat5e cable jacket stripper; 24AWG wire stripper		
	Drill and drill bits for wall plugs; spirit level, tape measure, ruler		
	Small hammer, centre punch and pliers for removing knockouts		

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### 7 Installation

WOTE:

WHEN THE INSTALLATION IS COMPLETE, FIX THE SUPPLIED HAZARD WARNING/INFORMATION LABELS ON THE APPROPRIATE WALLS AND ENSURE THE LABELS ARE READ AND UNDERSTOOD BY ALL STAFF.

### 7.1 Kiosk (K)

### 7.1.1 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

Retain the clear protective film on the fascia until the installation is complete. Using the supplied paper template mark out the wall-fixing position for the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor ensuring it is level. Drill holes in wall, install plugs/dowels then fix the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor in position.

WARNING: CARBON DIOXIDE GAS (CO₂) IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND SHOULD BE MONITORED FROM A LOW HEIGHT. YOU SHOULD THEREFORE INSTALL THE CO₂ SENSOR AT A HEIGHT OF 12–18" (305–457MM) ABOVE THE FLOOR LEVEL.



### 7.1.2 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm

WARNING: SOME KIOSKS AND FOOD COURT RESTAURANTS MAY BE EXPOSED TO HIGH-VOLUME BACKGROUND NOISE. INSTALL THE CO₂ ALARM SO THAT IT IS AUDIBLE & VISIBLE FROM ALL ACCESS AND EGRESS POINTS AND BUSY AREAS.

Retain the clear protective film on the fascia until the installation is complete. Using the supplied paper template mark out the wall-fixing position for the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm ensuring it is level. Drill holes in wall, install plugs/dowels then fix the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm in position.



### **7.1.3** Cables

Route the pre-wired cables from the  $CO_2$  Sensor and  $CO_2$  Alarm securely along the wall. Fit the cable coupler then connect the cables together. Then route the pre-wired cable from the PSU securely along the wall.



### 7.1.4 Power supply

Fit the appropriate interchangeable plug head for your power socket. Ensure the power supply is off. Insert the plug into the power socket.

Mark out the wall-fixing position for the PSU securing strip. Drill holes in the wall and install wall plugs/dowels. Fix the securing strip firmly over the PSU.



### 7.2 Hard Wired (HW) and Quick Connect (QC)

CAUTION: SOME ENCLOSURES ARE SUPPLIED UNFASTENED WITH FIXING SCREWS LOOSE. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN THE SCREWS WHEN FASTENING THE LIDS ON.

### 7.2.1 Central Display

Retain the clear protective film on the fascia until the installation is complete. Using the supplied paper template mark out the wall-fixing position ensuring the Central Display is level. If you are installing cable through the rear of the enclosure, remove the knockout then fit a foam gasket over its aperture to provide a seal against ingress.

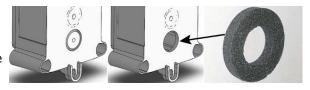
 CAUTION: TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE FASCIA AND PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (PCB), REMOVE THEM FROM THE ENCLO-SURE BEFORE REMOVING KNOCKOUT.

Drill holes in the wall then fit wall plugs/dowels. Fasten the lid of the enclosure to the base then fix the Central Display in position. Install the cables in position and cut them to length (HW).

#### Removing the knockout

To remove the knockout, place the enclosure face down on a solid, non-slip surface. Tap the knockout firmly using a hammer and punch. Use pliers to remove sharp edges from the aperture.





#### 7.2.2 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

Retain the clear protective film on the fascia until the installation is complete. Using the supplied paper template mark out the wall-fixing position ensuring the  $CO_2$  Sensor is level. (If installing a cable through the rear, remove the knockout.)

WARNING: CARBON DIOXIDE GAS (CO₂) IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND SHOULD BE MONITORED FROM A LOW HEIGHT. YOU SHOULD THEREFORE INSTALL THE CO₂ SENSOR AT A HEIGHT OF 12–18" (305–457MM) ABOVE THE FLOOR LEVEL.

Drill holes in wall, install wall plugs/dowels then fit the  $CO_2$  Sensor. Install the cables in position and cut them to length (HW).



### 7.2.3 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm

WARNING: LOCATE THE CO<sub>2</sub> ALARM SO AS TO PROVIDE COVERAGE FOR ACCESS AND EGRESS POINTS AND BUSY AREAS.

Retain the clear protective film on the fascia until the installation is complete.

Using the supplied paper template mark out the wall-fixing position ensuring the  $CO_2$  Alarm is level. (If installing a cable through the rear, remove the knockout.)

Drill holes in wall, install wall plugs/dowels then fit the  $CO_2$  Sensor. Install the cables in position and cut them to length (HW).



### 8 Connection

### 8.1 Kiosk (K)

The Ax60K Kiosk option is pre-wired with Cat5e cables and colour-coded RJ45 connectors to allow easy connection. The Kiosk components are shown below.



CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor, pre-wired cables and PSU



CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm, pre-wired cable and coupler

### 8.1.1 Typical layouts



1 x CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor; 1 x CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm; 1 x PSU



1 x CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor; 2 x CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms; 1 x PSU

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### 8.2 Quick Connect (QC)

The Ax60 Quick Connect option is pre-wired with Cat5e cables and colour-coded RJ45 connectors for easy connection. The Quick Connect components are shown below.

### 8.2.1 Central Display



Pre-wired cable for connection to CO2 Sensor(s)

The Quick Connect Central Display is pre-fitted with two cable glands (see left). The gland on the right has a 2-metre cable fitted with a white RJ45 connector for connection to a CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor.

The empty gland on the left is for the power supply unit cable. A third gland must be fitted if the optional beacon is to be installed. Both of these cables must be fitted by the installer.

If the built-in relays R1 and R2 are being used, another knockout should be removed from the enclosure and an additional gland should be fitted for the relay cables.

### 8.2.2 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor



The Quick Connect CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor is fitted with two cable glands and is pre-wired with two cables:

- 2-metre cable with white RJ45 connector for connection to the Central Display
- 2-metre cable with blue RJ45 connector for connection to the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm(s)

The cable with the white RJ45 connector is connected to the Central Display via a coupler.

The cable with the blue RJ45 connector should be connected to the  $CO_2$  Alarm (which also has a blue connector) via an RJ45 coupler (or an RJ45 splitter if there is more than one  $CO_2$  Alarm).

Pre-wired cables for connection to the CO2 Alarm (left), and to the Central Display (right)

### 8.2.3 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm



Pre-wired cable for connection to a CO2 Sensor

The Quick Connect  $CO_2$  Alarm is fitted with one cable gland and a 2-metre cable with a blue RJ45 connector. This should be connected to the  $CO_2$  Sensor which is associated with the Alarm, via an RJ45 coupler (or an RJ45 splitter if there is more than one  $CO_2$  Alarm).

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#### 8.2.4 Cables and connectors

The couplers, splitters, connectors and extension cables supplied with the Ax60 Quick Connect are shown below. These provide enough flexibility for a typical installation.

♦ CAUTION: ENSURE THAT THE MAXIMUM CABLE LENGTH BETWEEN THE CENTRAL DISPLAY AND THE FINAL SENSOR IS NOT MORE THAN 100 METRES.



#### Extension cables

The extension cables supplied with the Quick Connect are 15 metres long. The cables are fitted with a white RJ45 connector at each end.

One 15m extension cable is supplied with each CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor. One 15m extension cable is supplied with each CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm.

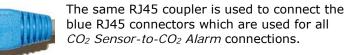
The extension cables are used for installations where a greater cable length is required.

The extension cables may be connected to the 2-metre pre-fitted enclosure cables, using the supplied RJ45 couplers and RJ45 splitters.



### **RJ45** coupler

The supplied RJ45 coupler (left) is used to connect two white RJ45 connectors. White RJ45 connectors are used for all *Central Display-to-CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor* and *CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor-to-CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor* connections.



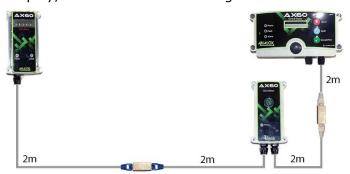


### **RJ45** splitter

The RJ45 splitter (left) is used to connect two  $CO_2$  Sensors or two  $CO_2$  Alarms on a common cable.

### 8.2.5 Typical installations

In its simplest form a Quick Connect Ax60 system could incorporate a Central Display, one  $CO_2$  Sensor and one  $CO_2$  Alarm. A larger Ax60 system could incorporate a Central Display, four  $CO_2$  Sensors and eight  $CO_2$  Alarms. Some typical layouts are shown below.

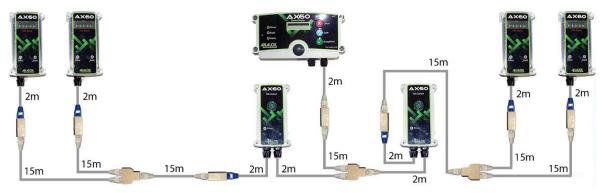


1 x Central Display; 1 x CO2 Sensor; 1 x CO2 Alarm

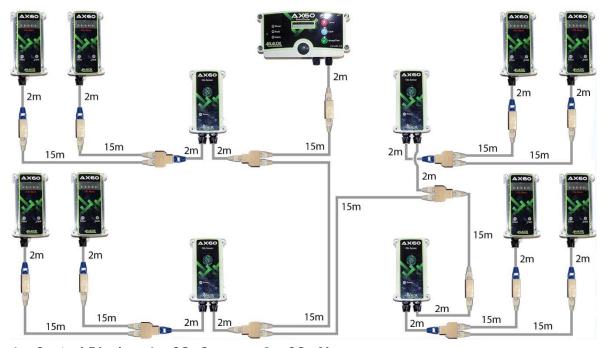
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1 x Central Display; 1 x CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor; 2 x CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms



1 x Central Display; 2 x CO2 Sensors; 4 x CO2 Alarms



1 x Central Display; 4 x CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors; 8 x CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms

The 2-metre cables shown in the diagrams above are pre-fitted to the enclosures. The supplied 15-metre cables, RJ45 couplers and RJ45 splitters allow the system to be customised to suit the building. Other system layouts are possible, providing that the maximum number of  $CO_2$  sensors (4) and  $CO_2$  alarms (8) are not exceeded.

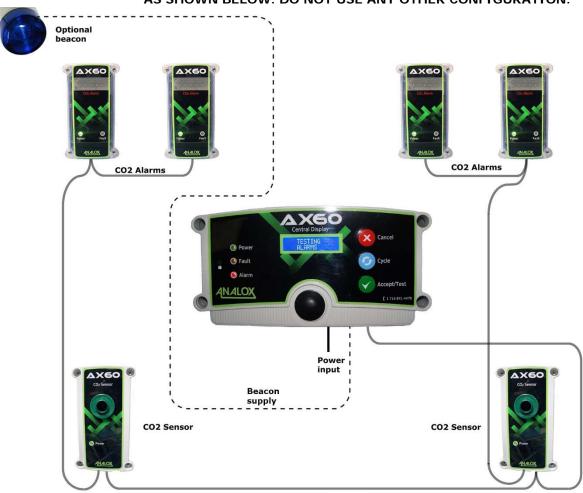
NOTE: FOR INFORMATION ON CONNECTING THE POWER SUPPLY UNIT, OPTIONAL BEACON AND RELAYS, REFER TO SECTION 8.3 HARD WIRED.

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### 8.3 Hard Wired (HW)

**CAUTION:** 

THE RECOMMENDED CABLE ARRANGEMENT IS THE DAISY CHAIN AS SHOWN BELOW. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER CONFIGURATION.



### 8.3.1 Cable requirements

Cable type	Wire colour	<b>Abbreviation</b>		
Cat5e, UTP, 24AWG, PVC	Orange Orange and white	ORG ORG/WHT	COT CO	
	Brown Brown and white	BRN BRN/WHT	CHI.SE	
	Green and white Green	GRN/WHT GRN		200
	Blue and white Blue	BLU/WHT BLU		3

If you install cables through walls, remove the knockout and fit a foam gasket to maintain ingress protection (see below left). If you install cables along wall surfaces, fit cable glands (below right).



CAUTION: ENSURE THAT THE MAXIMUM CABLE LENGTH BETWEEN THE CENTRAL DISPLAY AND THE FINAL SENSOR IS NOT MORE THAN 100 METRES.

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### 8.3.2 Sensors and Alarms

The recommended cable arrangement for connecting the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors and CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms is shown below. For the purposes of this example the enclosures have been removed and the cables have been shortened for convenience. The Central Display is not shown.



1) CO2 Sensors connected via daisy-chain

2) CO2 Alarms connected via daisy-chain

### 8.3.3 Central Display terminals



CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

Beacon Power

Relay 2 Relay 1

(see section 8.3.4)

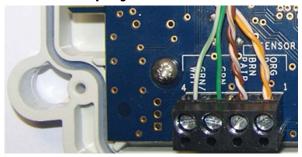
(see (see section section 8.3.6) 8.3.5) SPDT relays rated for 30Vdc, 1A max (refer to the Ax60 Service Manual for further information on using Relays)

WARNING:

TO COMPLY WITH THE SAFETY STANDARDS IN SECTION 16, CIRCUITS CONNECTED TO RELAYS 1 & 2 MUST BE PROTECTED WITH DOUBLE/REINFORCED INSULATION FROM THE MAINS.

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#### 8.3.4 Central Display to CO2 Sensor



#### Cable connections from left to right:

GRN/WHT (RS485 A, single cable) GRN (RS485 B, single cable)

BRN & BRN/WHT (supply negative, two cables twisted together)

ORG & ORG/WHT (supply positive, two cables twisted together)

NOTE: THE BLUE AND BLUE/WHITE CABLES CAN BE REMOVED (CUT OFF).

#### Central Display to power supply unit (PSU) 8.3.5

Two types of PSU are available, to suit different types of installation. One is a plug-in type, the other is a hard-wired type for connection to a fixed power supply (fused spur).

CAUTION: THE HARD-WIRED POWER SUPPLY UNIT SHOULD BE CONNECTED TO A 3A FUSED SPUR, TO ENSURE THAT THE PSU IS PROTECTED FROM POTENTIAL DAMAGE.









PSU, plug-in type (supplied with plug for specific country)

PSU, hard-wired type The plug-in PSU is supplied with a securing (for connection to a strip, wall plugs and screws to reduce risk fixed power supply) of accidental disconnection or tampering

WARNING:

THE POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE POWER CABLES ARE IDENTIFIED DIFFERENTLY DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF PSU SUPPLIED. READ THE INSTRUCTIONS BELOW BEFORE INSTALLING THE PSU CABLE.

#### Plug-in type PSU cable identification

Black with stripe: Positive (24V) Black with print: Negative (0V)



Printed (-V)

Stripe (+V)

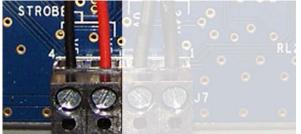
#### Hard wired type PSU cable identification

Black with stripe: Negative (0V) Black with print: Positive (24V)



NOTE: SURPLUS CABLE CAN BE SHORTENED OR STORED IN THE CENTRAL DISPLAY.

#### 8.3.6 Central Display to optional beacon (labelled 'STROBE' on the PCB)



Cable connections from left to right: BLK (OV supply to optional beacon) RED (24V supply to optional beacon)

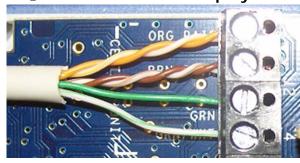
**CAUTION: CABLE COLOURS BETWEEN** THE CENTRAL DISPLAY AND BEACON MAY VARY. THE INSTALLER MAY USE CAT5E CABLE IF PREFERRED, PROVI-**DING TWISTED PAIRS ARE USED. 15m** CABLE IS SUPPLIED AS STANDARD.

### 8.3.7 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

- NOTE: THE FOUR UPPER SCREW TERMINALS ARE FOR CONNECTING THE CO₂ SENSOR TO THE CENTRAL DISPLAY. ON THE PCB THESE TERMINALS ARE LABELLED 'CENTRAL UNIT'.
- NOTE: THE SIX LOWER SCREW TERMINALS ARE FOR CONNECTING THE CO₂ SENSOR TO THE CO₂ ALARM. ON THE PCB THESE TERMINALS ARE LABELLED 'STROBE/SOUNDER'.



### 8.3.8 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor to Central Display



#### Cable connections from top to bottom:

ORG & ORG/WHT (supply positive, two cables twisted together)

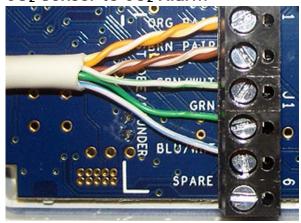
BRN & BRN/WHT (supply negative, two cables twisted together)

GRN (RS485 B, single cable) GRN/WHT (RS485 A, single cable)

NOTE: THE BLUE AND BLUE/WHITE CABLES CAN BE REMOVED (CUT OFF).

NOTE: SENSOR 2 CABLE SHOULD BE DAISY-CHAINED FROM SENSOR 1 TERMINALS.

### 8.3.9 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor to CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm



#### Cable connections from top to bottom:

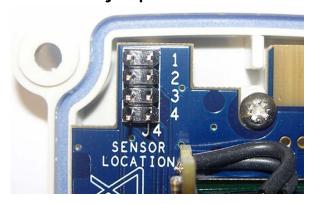
ORG & ORG/WHT (supply positive, two cables twisted together)

BRN & BRN/WHT (supply negative, two cables twisted together)

GRN/WHT (alarm strobe driver, single cable) GRN (alarm sounder driver, single cable) BLU/WHT ('Fault' LED driver, single cable)

NOTE: THE BLUE CABLE CAN BE REMOVED (CUT OFF).

#### 8.3.10 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor jumper locations



Each CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor PCB contains a SENSOR LOCATION selector with 4 jumper links. One jumper link is provided with each sensor—an example is shown here on the right:

By default this jumper link is fitted in SENSOR LOCATION 1.

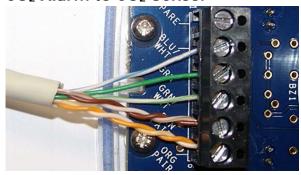
Each CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor must be given a different SENSOR LOCATION by moving its jumper link. For example, in a 2-sensor system, one sensor's jumper link must be set to SENSOR LOCATION 1, and the other sensor's jumper link must be set to SENSOR LOCATION 2.

#### 8.3.11 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm



NOTE: ALL CO<sub>2</sub> ALARMS ASSOCIATED WITH A COMMON SENSOR SHOULD BE CONNECTED VIA A DAISY-CHAIN CABLE ARRANGEMENT. FOR EXAMPLE, IF SENSOR 1 IS REQUIRED TO DRIVE TWO ALARMS, ONE CABLE SHOULD BE CONNECTED BETWEEN CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR 1 AND CO<sub>2</sub> ALARM 1; AND ONE CABLE SHOULD BE CONNECTED BETWEEN CO<sub>2</sub> ALARM 1 AND CO<sub>2</sub> ALARM 2 (SEE THE EXAMPLE IN SECTION 8.3.2).

### 8.3.12 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm to CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor



#### Cable connections from top to bottom:

BLU/WHT (fault LED driver, single cable) GRN (alarm sounder driver, single cable) GRN/WHT (alarm strobe driver, single cable) BRN & BRN/WHT (supply negative, two cables twisted together)

ORG & ORG/WHT (supply positive, two cables twisted together)

NOTE: THE BLUE CABLE CAN BE REMOVED (CUT OFF).

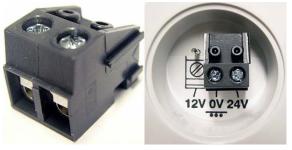
### 8.3.13 Optional beacon

CAUTION: ENSURE THE TERMINAL BLOCK ON THE UNDERSIDE OF THE BEACON IS FITTED TO THE OV AND THE 24V PINS. THEN ENSURE THAT THE POWER CABLES ARE CONNECTED TO THE OV AND THE 24V SCREW TERMINALS.



Black cable: 0V su Red cable: 24V

0V supply to Central Display 24V supply to Central Display



(left) The beacon terminal block. Ensure this is fitted on the 0V and 24V terminals (right)

### 8.3.14 Beacon locking mechanism

The beacon has a locking mechanism to discourage tampering. To lock the beacon onto its base, locate the spigots in position then twist the beacon clockwise. To unlock the beacon, prise open the locking clip as shown below and twist the beacon anti-clockwise.





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## 9 Operation (Kiosk)

### 9.1 Powering on

- [1] Ensure the components are correctly installed.
- [2] Switch on the mains power at the wall socket. The Ax60K powers on and runs a 5-second self-test, during which:
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm indicators illuminate
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor indicators illuminate
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor internal buzzer sounds

Following a successful power-on, the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor begins continuously monitoring the air for CO<sub>2</sub>. During normal operation the status of the system is indicated as shown below:

Normal operation	CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor indication:	Power indicator flashes once per second Alarm indicator is off. Buzzer is off.	
with CO <sub>2</sub> at a safe level	CO <sub>2</sub> Alarm indication:	Power indicator is on. Fault indicator is off. Strobe light is off. Sounder is off.	

### 9.2 Understanding alarms

The hazard warning/information labels explain what to do in the event of an alarm. The alarms vary depending on the severity of the CO<sub>2</sub> level. Alarms are indicated as follows:

TWA alarm (0.5% over previous 8	CO₂ Sensor indication:	Power indicator flashes once per second. Alarm indicator flashes $\frac{1}{4}$ second on, $\frac{1}{4}$ seconds off. Buzzer sounds in parallel.	
hours)	CO <sub>2</sub> Alarm indication:	Power indicator is on. Fault indicator is off. Strobe light is off. Sounder is off.	
Low alarm (1.5%)	CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor indication:	Power indicator flashes once per second.  Alarm indicator flashes 1 second on, 1 second off. Buzzer sounds in parallel.	
	CO <sub>2</sub> Alarm indication:	Power indicator is on. Fault indicator is off. Strobe light flashes 1 second on, 1 second off. Sounder is off.	
High alarm (3%)	CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor indication:	Power indicator flashes once per second.  Alarm indicator flashes 1/8 second on, 1/8 second off. Buzzer sounds in parallel.	
	CO₂ Alarm indication:	Power indicator is on. Fault indicator is off. Strobe light and sounder are ½ second on, ½ second off.	

### 9.2.1 Testing alarms

- [1] Press and hold down the Accept/Test button for 5–10 seconds. The Ax60K runs a 5-second alarm test, during which:
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm indicators illuminate
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm strobe light illuminates
  - the CO2 Alarm sounder operates
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor indicators illuminate
  - the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor internal buzzer operates
- [2] Either press and hold down Accept/Test to stop the alarm test or wait 5 seconds for the alarm test to stop automatically.

#### 9.2.2 Acknowledging/clearing alarms

Press and hold Accept/Test until the buzzer sounds once; the alarm is now acknowledged. The buzzer and sounder are muted and the strobe stays on until the alarm is cleared (it clears automatically as soon as the CO<sub>2</sub> level reduces to below the alarm threshold).

♦ CAUTION: THE Ax60K RETAINS ITS CURRENT ALARM STATE, EVEN AFTER A POWER OUTAGE. IF AN ALARM IS NOT ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE THE Ax60K IS POWERED OFF, IT RETURNS TO ALARM CONDITION WHEN POWERED ON.

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### 9.3 Controls and indicators

CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor



#### • Power indicator (green LED)

If the Power indicator flashes once per second:

CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor is receiving power and operating correctly

If the Power indicator is off:

 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor is not receiving power, or the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor has a fault

If the Power indicator is continuously on:

• CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor has a fault

#### Alarm indicator (red LED)

The Alarm indicator has three flash patterns, one for each type of alarm:

- ¼ second on, 1¾ seconds off = TWA alarm (0.5% CO<sub>2</sub> average over 8 hours).
- 1 second on, 1 second off = 1.5% CO<sub>2</sub>.
- 1/8 second on, 1/8 second off = 3% CO<sub>2</sub>.

If the Alarm indicator is continuously on:

• the alarm is acknowledged; the alarm will clear when the CO<sub>2</sub> level reduces.

#### Accept/Test button

To use the Accept/Test button, press it firmly and hold it down for a couple of seconds. When you release the button, the buzzer will sound once.

#### Internal buzzer

The internal buzzer sounds briefly when you press Accept/Test, continuously for 5 seconds when the Ax60K powers up, once per second to show a fault, and in parallel with the alarms.

#### Sensor opening

The sensor opening allows air to flow across the carbon dioxide detector. The sensor opening must be kept clean and free from obstructions.

CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm



#### Power indicator (green LED)

If the Power indicator is on (not flashing):

• CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm is receiving power

NOTE: The CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm receives its power from the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor.

If the Power indicator is off:

- CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm is not receiving power, **or**
- CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm has a fault
   NOTE: If the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor has a fault, the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm Fault indicator
   LED will flash.

#### Fault indicator (yellow LED)

If the Fault indicator is off:

• CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor is functioning correctly If the Fault indicator flashes once per second:

> CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor has a fault
>  NOTE: The Fault indicator LED does not mean there is a fault on the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm, it means there is a fault on the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor.

#### Strobe light

The strobe light is a very bright, visible alarm.

NOTE: The strobe window can be supplied in white, blue or red.

The strobe light has two flash patterns:

- 1 second on, 1 second off = 1.5% CO<sub>2</sub>.
- ½ second on, ½ second off = 3% CO<sub>2</sub>.

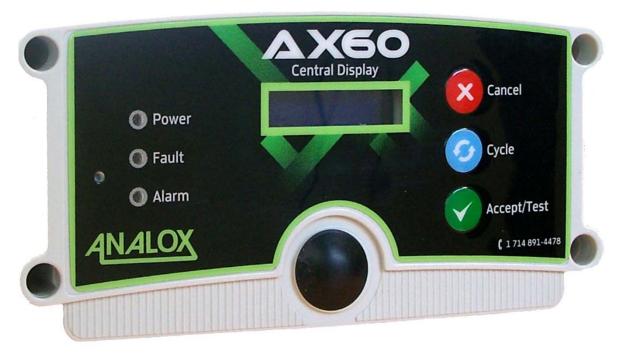
#### Sounder

The sounder is a high-volume audible alarm. If sounder is  $\frac{1}{2}$  second on,  $\frac{1}{2}$  second off, the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor has triggered a high alarm (3%).

## 10 Operation (HW & QC)

### 10.1 Central Display

The Central Display is used to configure and operate the system. The three buttons on the front panel allow access to the software functions. The three indicator lamps and the internal buzzer provide information about the system status, as described below.



### 10.1.1 Indicators and buzzer

Power	Green indicator lamp. Flashes once per second to indicate that the power is on and the unit is operating.
Fault	Yellow indicator lamp. Flashes once per second if there is a fault. Accompanied by a fault message (FLT or COMMS FAULT) and buzzer once per second.
Alarm	Red indicator lamp. Flashes rapidly when alarm is triggered. Accompanied by an alarm message (TWA, AL1 or CO2) and rapid operation of the buzzer.
Buzzer (the small circular aperture on the left of the indicators)	Buzzer sounds briefly each time a button is pressed. Sounds continuously for five seconds when using the TESTING ALARMS function. It sounds rapidly on and off when an alarm is triggered, or once per second for a fault.

### 10.1.2 Control buttons

Cancel	To use the Cancel button, press it firmly then release it quickly. The buzzer will sound briefly. Press this button to cancel a menu option or to return to the previous screen.
Cycle	To use the Cycle button, press it firmly then release it quickly. The buzzer will sound briefly. Press this button to go to the next option on the screen.
Accept/Test	To use the Accept/Test button, press it firmly then release it quickly; the buzzer will sound. A short press is used to select an option or mute an alarm or fault. A longer press is used to acknowledge the alarm—hold the button until the buzzer sounds. The alarm clears when the CO <sub>2</sub> reduces.  To test the alarms, press and hold down Accept/Test until the buzzer sounds. Alarms, indicators and sounders operate for five seconds.

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### 10.2 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

The  $CO_2$  Sensor has a green Power indicator on the bottom left-hand part of the fascia. This is used to indicate the following conditions:



#### **Power indicator**

Under normal conditions the Power indicator flashes once per second to indicate that the power is on and the unit is operating.

NOTE: THE CO2 SENSOR RECEIVES ITS POWER FROM THE CENTRAL DISPLAY, VIA THE CONNECTING CATSE CABLE.

If the Power indicator is off, this means the  $CO_2$  Sensor is either not receiving power from the Central Display, or the  $CO_2$  Sensor has a fault.

NOTE: CHECK THE CENTRAL DISPLAY;
IT MAY BE SHOWING A FAULT CODE.

If the Power indicator lamp is on continuously, this means that there is potentially a more serious CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor fault.

NOTE: CHECK THE CENTRAL DISPLAY; IT MAY BE SHOWING A FAULT CODE.

If a CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor is in fault, any CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms connected to it will also display a fault status (their yellow Fault indicator LEDs will flash).

NOTE: FAULT CODES ARE DESCRIBED IN DETAIL IN THE SERVICE MANUAL.

### 10.3 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm

The CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm has both a green Power indicator and an yellow Fault indicator on the bottom part of the fascia. These are used to indicate the following conditions:



#### **Power indicator**

Under normal conditions the Power indicator is continuously on (not flashing) to indicate that the power is on and the unit is operating.

NOTE: THE CO<sub>2</sub> ALARM RECEIVES ITS POWER FROM THE CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR VIA THE CONNECTING CAT5E CABLE.

If the Power indicator is off this means that the  $CO_2$  Alarm is not receiving power.

#### Fault indicator

Under normal conditions the yellow Fault indicator is off.

NOTE: THE FAULT INDICATOR IS NOT USED TO SHOW FAULTS ON THE CO<sub>2</sub> ALARM, IT IS USED TO SHOW FAULTS ON THE SENSOR CONNECTED TO IT.

If the Fault indicator is flashing it means the  $CO_2$  Sensor connected to the Alarm is in fault.

NOTE: FAULT CODES ARE SHOWN ON THE CENTRAL DISPLAY. FOR FURTHER DETAILS SEE THE SERVICE MANUAL.

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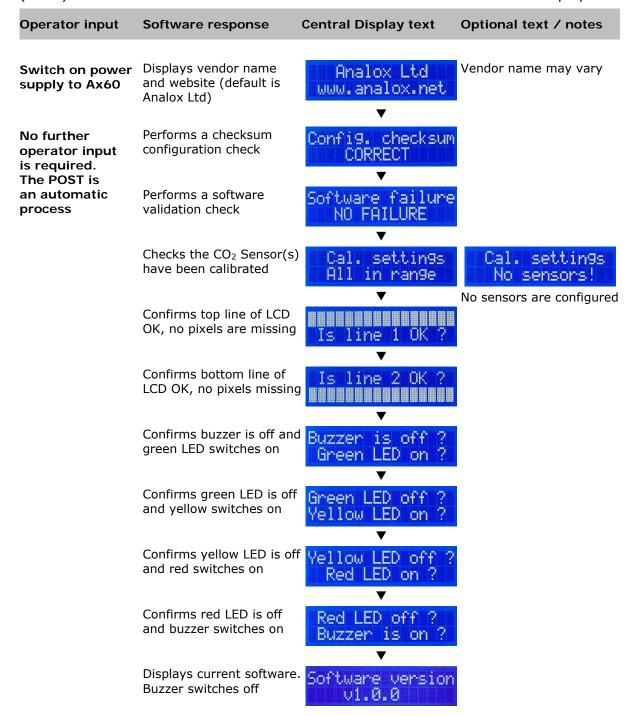
### 11 Software

This section gives a brief overview of the software. For full details of the menu options relevant to calibration and configuration, refer to the *Ax60 Service Manual P0159-803*.

NOTE: THIS SECTION SPECIFICALLY RELATES TO THE Ax60 STANDARD OPTIONS HW AND QC. HOWEVER, A CENTRAL DISPLAY CAN BE TEMPORARILY CONNECTED TO THE Ax60K KIOSK TO ENABLE A SERVICE ENGINEER TO RECONFIGURE THE SYSTEM.

### 11.1 Powering up

When you power up the Ax60, the software performs an automatic power-on-self-test (POST) which takes about 30 seconds. The results are shown on the Central Display.



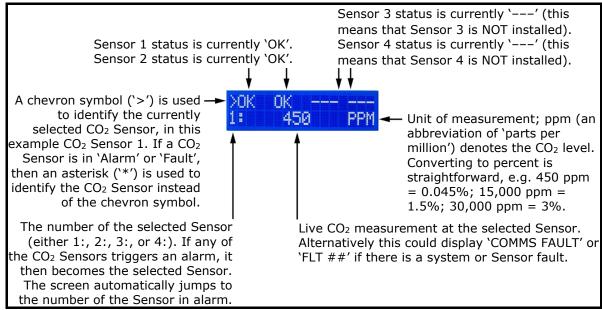
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Operator input	Software response	Central Display text	Optional text / notes
Wait for CO₂ Sen sors to warm up.		Serial number:  0000000  V  OK OK 1: Warm-up  This screen may display for a few seconds to sho	
		CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor warm-up status. It is for information only. It requires no operator inpo	
CAUTION:	LOCATION (E.G. SE 2), OTHERWISE TH	E CENTRAL DISPLAY W	R SET TO A DIFFERENT SENSOR 2 = LOCATION ILL ANNOUNCE A FAULT. TTINGS INFORMATION.
Wait for system status screen	Displays system status screen. Each CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor is represented by '0K' in the top line. For example a system with two CO <sub>2</sub> Sensors displays >0K 0K. The '>' character identifies which CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor is highlighted (CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor is highlighted by default)	es 1	The CO <sub>2</sub> concentration is by default displayed in ppm (parts per million). The example shown here displays 450 PPM, which is equal to 0.045%.
Press Cycle	Displays CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor 2 details (if installed) and the current level of CO <sub>2</sub>	OK > 2: Not installed	In this example, CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor 2 is not installed
Press Cycle	Displays CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor 3 details (if installed) and the current level of CO <sub>2</sub>	OK> 3: Not installed	In this example, CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor 3 is not installed
Press Cycle	Displays CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor 4 details (if installed) and the current level of CO <sub>2</sub>	OK> 4: Not installed	In this example, CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor 4 is not installed
Press Cycle	Redisplays the system status screen	>OK OK 1: 450 PPM	

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### 11.2 Central Display screen

The Central Display has a two-line screen that provides real-time  $CO_2$  readings from up to four  $CO_2$  Sensors. The top line of the screen shows the status of  $CO_2$  Sensors 1, 2, 3 and 4 (if connected), displayed from left to right. The bottom line of the screen shows the number of the highlighted Sensor, its current reading and the unit of measurement. If a system fault or a communications fault occurs, this is displayed on the bottom line in place of the current reading and unit of measurement. Under normal operating conditions the  $CO_2$  Sensor which is currently highlighted is identified by a chevron ('>') directly to its left. The chevron changes to an asterisk ('\*') if the Sensor goes into alarm or fault mode. When the alarm / fault is acknowledged the symbol reverts to a chevron.



There are seven possible statuses for each CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor. These are described below:

Status	Meaning	Example
ок	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor is functioning correctly. In the example on the right, both $CO_2$ Sensor 1 and $CO_2$ Sensor 2 are OK. Sensor 1 is currently highlighted ('>')	>OK OK 1: 450 PPM
	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor is not installed. In the example on the right, neither Sensor 3 nor Sensor 4 is installed	>OK OK 1: 450 PPM
TWA	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor has exceeded the TWA (time weighted average) of 5000ppm (0.5%) $CO_2$ in the previous 8 hours; Sensor 1 has triggered a TWA alarm	*TWA OK OK OK 1: 7950 PPM
AL1	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor has exceeded 15000ppm (1.5%) $CO_2$ and has triggered a low alarm. In the example on the right, $CO_2$ Sensor 1 is in alarm	*AL1 OK 1: 15100 PPM
CO2	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor has exceeded 30000ppm (3%) $CO_2$ and has triggered a high alarm. In the example on the right, $CO_2$ Sensor 1 is in alarm	*CO2 OK 1: 32850 PPM
FLT ##	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor has developed a system fault. In the example on the right, Sensor 1 is in fault state FLT05 (refer to the Service Manual for fault codes)	*FLT 1: FLT05
FLT COMMS	This indicates that a CO <sub>2</sub> Sensor has developed a comms (communications) fault. In the example on the right, Sensor 1 is in COMMS FAULT (refer to Service Manual)	*FLT 1: COMMS FAULT

NOTE: UNACKNOWLEDGED ALARMS AND FAULTS ARE INDICATED BY AN ASTERISK.

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### 11.3 Alarms

The Ax60 has three default alarm levels. These are pre-set by Analox and may only be changed by an authorised installer or service engineer. They are described below.

Alarm	CO <sub>2</sub> threshold	Annunciation (text, buzzer, indicator, strobe, sounder)		
		Central Display	CO₂ Alarm units	Optional beacon
TWA	0.5% (5000ppm) average, 8hrs	Display text: *TWA; buzzer & red LED on	All CO <sub>2</sub> Alarms off; annunciation by Central Display only	Flashing
Low	1.5% (15,000ppm)	Display text: *AL1; buzzer on; flashing red LED on	CO <sub>2</sub> Alarm(s) connected to the affected sensor: slowly flashing strobe (1 second on 1 second off), no sounder	Flashing
High	3% (30,000ppm)	Display text: *C02; buzzer on; flashing red LED & relays on	All connected CO <sub>2</sub> Alarms: rapidly flashing strobe lights (½ second on ½ second off) and sounders on (½ second on ½ second off)	Flashing

TWA (time-weighted average), 0.5%  $CO_2$  over the previous eight hours. If the  $CO_2$  level exceeds an average of 0.5% over the previous eight hours the Sensor raises a TWA alarm. The Central Display buzzer will sound and the red indicator flashes rapidly. The optional beacon will flash. The screen displays \*TWA.  $CO_2$  Alarms will not operate.

**Low alarm, 1.5% CO<sub>2</sub>** If a Sensor detects a  $CO_2$  level at or beyond the low threshold of 1.5%, it raises a low alarm and informs the Central Display of the alarm condition. The sounders do not operate at this alarm level, but the strobes begin to flash slowly (1 second on 1 second off). If an optional beacon is installed, this also begins to flash. The Central Display screen now identifies the  $CO_2$  Sensor that originated the low alarm by displaying the text '\*AL1'.

**High alarm**, **3% CO**<sub>2</sub> If a Sensor detects a CO<sub>2</sub> level at or beyond the high threshold of 3% the Central Display raises an 'evacuation mode' high alarm. This alarm triggers all the installed CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms to switch on. All sounders now operate ( $\frac{1}{2}$  second on  $\frac{1}{2}$  second off) and strobes begin to flash rapidly ( $\frac{1}{2}$  second on  $\frac{1}{2}$  second off). The Central Display identifies the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor that originated the alarm by displaying the text ' $\star$ CO2'. The optional beacon and built-in relays switch on.

### 11.3.1 Muting, acknowledging and clearing alarms

◆ CAUTION: THE Ax60K RETAINS ITS CURRENT ALARM STATE, EVEN AFTER A POWER OUTAGE. IF AN ALARM IS NOT ACKNOWLEDGED BEFORE THE Ax60K IS POWERED OFF, IT RETURNS TO ALARM CONDITION WHEN POWERED ON.

To clear alarms, they must first be muted and acknowledged in the following sequence:

- 1) Mute: To mute (silence) an alarm, briefly press the Accept/Test button. The buzzer will sound once and the  $CO_2$  Alarm sounders will be silenced. However, the strobe lights on the  $CO_2$  Alarm and the optional beacon (if this is installed) will continue to flash.
- 2) Acknowledge: To acknowledge an alarm, press and hold the Accept/Test button for approximately two seconds. The buzzer on the Central Display will sound briefly and the text changes: the asterisk is replaced with a chevron, for example '\*AL1' becomes '>AL1'.
- 3) Clear: An alarm that has been muted and acknowledged will automatically clear as soon as the  $CO_2$  reduces to a safe level (there may be a delay before the alarm clears, if the  $CO_2$  level remains high). When the alarm clears, the screen text changes to '>OK'.

### 11.3.2 Testing alarms

To test the alarms, press and hold down the Accept/Test button for two seconds. The indicator LEDs illuminate, the screen displays 'TESTING ALARMS' and the buzzer sounds. Strobes and sounders on the CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm(s) switch on. The optional beacon flashes (if installed). The alarm test is automatically cancelled (switched off) after five seconds.

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### 11.4 Faults

Faults are reported by the Ax60 if there is a problem with the cable connections, power supplies or system components. A basic understanding of how fault types are displayed may be useful when describing them to an authorised technician or a service engineer.

THE Ax60 IS DESIGNED TO PRIORITISE ALARMS OVER FAULTS. FOR EXAMPLE, IN A SYSTEM WITH TWO CO<sub>2</sub> SENSORS, IF SENSOR 1 IS IN FAULT AND SENSOR 2 GOES INTO ALARM, THE ALARM TAKES PRIORITY.

### 11.4.1 Fault types

A fault may be categorised as either a system fault, a communications fault or a Central Display fault. All three types display the text 'FLT' but in different parts of the screen. A Central Display fault is not announced by the  $CO_2$  Sensors or  $CO_2$  Alarms, but by the Central Display only. The table below shows examples of the three different fault types.

Status	Meaning	Example
FLT (system)	state FLT05 (see the Service Manual for fault codes)	
FLT (comms)	This indicates that a $CO_2$ Sensor has developed a communications fault. In the example on the right, Sensor 1 has a COMMS FAULT (see the Service Manual for fault codes)	*FLT 1: COMMS FAULT
FLT (Central Display)	This indicates that the Central Display has developed a fault. In the example on the right, the Central Display is in fault FLT51 (see the Service Manual for fault codes)	Central Unit FLT51

### 11.4.2 Muting, acknowledging and clearing faults

Faults are announced by the Central Display buzzer which sounds once per second. CO<sub>2</sub> Alarms do not operate. To clear a fault, it must be muted and acknowledged as below:

- 1) Mute: To mute (silence) a fault, briefly press the Accept/Test button. The internal buzzer will sound once and then be silenced.
- **2) Acknowledge**: To acknowledge a fault, press and hold the Accept/Test button for approximately two seconds. The buzzer on the Central Display will sound briefly and the text changes: the asterisk is replaced with a chevron, for example '\*FLT' becomes '>FLT'.
- **3)** Clear: A fault that has been muted and acknowledged will automatically clear as soon as the fault is rectified.
- NOTE: IF A FAULT IS REPORTED BY MORE THAN ONE CO₂ SENSOR, YOU MUST MUTE, ACKNOWLEDGE AND CLEAR THE FAULT ON THE FIRST SENSOR. THEN PRESS CYCLE TO HIGHLIGHT THE NEXT SENSOR AND REPEAT THE MUTE/ACKNOWLEDGE/CLEAR.

#### 11.4.3 Simultaneous alarms and faults

In a multi-sensor system it is possible for Sensors to be in different states, e.g. Sensor 1 OK; Sensor 2 in alarm level 2; Sensor 3 in fault; Sensor 4 not installed. For example:

Sensor	Status	Meaning	Example
1	ок	Sensor 1 is operating normally (OK)	OK *C02   FLT
2	*CO2	Sensor 2 is in level 2 alarm (CO2), it is unacknowledged (*) and has been highlighted (2:)	2: 37850 PPM
3	FLT	Sensor 3 is in fault (FLT) and is unacknowledged	
4		Sensor 4 is not installed	

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## 12 Configuration

### 12.1 Sensor hardware settings

In a standard Ax60 system—not including the Kiosk option—each CO<sub>2</sub> sensor must have its jumper link set to a different location e.g. Sensor 1=location 1; Sensor 2=location 2.

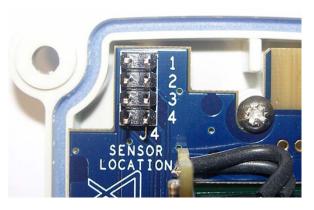
The  $CO_2$  Sensor has a hardware setting that is factory configured for a system with only one Sensor. If a system includes two, three, or four Sensors then the hardware must be reconfigured by moving a jumper link (  $\square$  ) in each Sensor installed in the system.

▲ WARNING:

DISCONNECT AND ISOLATE THE Ax60 SYSTEM FROM THE MAINS POWER SUPPLY BEFORE OPENING THE CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR ENCLOSURES.

To access the jumper link, open the CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor enclosure. The printed circuit board (PCB) has a SENSOR LOCATION selector with one link, factory installed in LOCATION 1.

For a system with only one CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor, the jumper link should be retained in LOCATION 1. For a system with two CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors, the first Sensor's jumper link should be in LOCATION 1 and the second Sensor's link in LOCATION 2. For a system with three CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors, the first Sensor's link should be in LOCATION 1, the second Sensor's link in LOCATION 2 and the third Sensor's link should be in LOCATION 3. For a system with four CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors, the first Sensor's jumper link should be in LOCATION 1, the second Sensor's link in LOCATION 2, the third Sensor's link in LOCATION 3 and the fourth Sensor's link should be in LOCATION 4.



### 12.2 Sensor software settings

The Central Display software is factory configured for a system that has two Sensors. If the system includes one, three, or four Sensors, the software must be reconfigured. This is done by using the Top-level Menu, Configuration, Attached snsrs option. To enter the Top-level menu, press and hold down Cancel + Cycle for at least six seconds. Then press the Cycle button four times to display the Top-level menu, Configuration option.

NOTE: THE DEFAULT SETTING IS FOR 2 SENSORS. THIS NUMBER CAN BE CHANGED.

Menu option **Operator input** Menu sub-option **Functional description** Top-level Menu Configuration Press Accept/Test to Config. Menu go to Config. Menu Attached snsrs Attached snsrs Press Accept/Test to The screen displays the sensors number of CO<sub>2</sub> Sensors go to Num of (default number is '>2') sensors? Press Cycle to choose Num. The screen displays a tick of sensors another number. Or to confirm the number of press Accept/Test sensors is now configured

Press Cancel to return to Config. Menu, Attached snsrs

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### 13 Maintenance

This section describes routine preventive maintenance for the Ax60. For more detailed information on servicing, refer to the Ax60 Service Manual P0159-803.

### 13.1 Faults

Faults are announced by the Fault indicator on either the Central Display or the  $CO_2$  Alarm. This indicator is off during normal operation. If it flashes once per second, the system has a fault. Power off the system and call a service engineer.

### 13.2 Calibration

The Ax60  $CO_2$  sensor is factory calibrated and does not require periodic calibration adjustment. However, it incorporates a software option that enables an authorised service engineer to adjust the sensor calibration, should this be required by local Health & Safety regulations.

### 13.3 Cleaning

Analox recommends periodic cleaning of Ax60 enclosures with a slightly damp cloth.

**♦** CAUTION: THE CO₂ SENSOR UNIT MUST BE PROTECTED FROM INGRESS OF WATER.

### 13.4 Protection

 $CO_2$  Sensors should be mounted at low level and are therefore vulnerable to accidental damage. To protect the  $CO_2$  Sensor, Analox recommends fitting a Sensor Protection Kit, part number P0159-4305K, shown below (not to scale). The splashguard is fitted on the outside of the sensor opening. The sensor protector is wall mounted using the fixing kit.



Optional Ax60 Sensor Protection Kit. Available from Analox: part number P0159-4305K

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## 14 Specification

The Ax60 is designed to be compliant with the following standard: IEC 61010-1:2010. It is designed to be safe at least under the conditions listed below.

WARNING: IF THE EQUIPMENT IS USED IN A MANNER NOT SPECIFIED BY ANALOX, THE PROTECTION PROVIDED BY THE EQUIPMENT MAY BE IMPAIRED.

### Notes accompanying the specification text:

- (\*) Limited energy circuits according to IEC 61010-1:2010 clause 9.
- (\*) Double insulation and reinforced insulation according to IEC 61010-1:2010.
- (\*\*) Please contact Analox for use in condensing environments.
- (\*\*\*) IP protection was not evaluated by UL.

### 14.1 Central Display

- When supplied by a limited energy double/reinforced insulation power supply (\*)
- Indoor use
- Altitude up to 5000m
- Operating temperature range: -5°C to +50°C
- Maximum relative humidity: 95%RH (non-condensing)
- Pollution degree 2
- Operating voltage: 24VDC
- Unit power: <36W</li>
- Ingress Protection: IP54 (\*\*\*)
- Not for use in corrosive or explosive atmospheres

#### Features:

- 2 internal SPDT relays, rated for 30VDC, 1A
- Digital communications
- Internal buzzer
- Power/fault/alarm indications
- 16-character x 2-line LCD display
- External beacon drive channel

### 14.2 CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor

- When supplied by a limited energy double/reinforced insulation power supply (\*)
- Indoor/outdoor use
- Range 0 to 5% CO<sub>2</sub>
- Warmup time 40 seconds
- Altitude up to 5000m
- Operating temperature range: -5°C to +50°C
- Maximum relative humidity: 98%RH (non-condensing) (\*\*)
- Pollution degree 2
- Operating Voltage: 24VDC
- Unit power: <25W</li>
- Ingress Protection: IP55 (\*\*\*)
- Not for use in corrosive or explosive atmospheres

#### Features:

- Green power LED
- Digital Communications

### 14.3 CO<sub>2</sub> Alarm

• When supplied by a limited energy double/reinforced insulation power supply (\*)

• Indoor/outdoor use

Altitude up to 5000m

Operating temperature range: -5°C to +50°C

Maximum relative humidity: 98%RH (non-condensing) (\*\*)

Pollution degree 2

Operating Voltage: 24VDC

• Unit power: <5W

• Ingress Protection: IP55 (\*\*\*)

Not for use in corrosive or explosive atmospheres

Features:

Sounder: 88dBA @ 3m
LED Strobe: 100cd
Green power LED
Yellow fault LED

### 14.4 Sensor performance

NOTE: ALL SPECIFICATIONS ASSUME THE AMBIENT PRESSURE IS 1000MBAR.
THE CO<sub>2</sub> SENSOR ACTUALLY MEASURES PARTIAL PRESSURE OF CO<sub>2</sub>, NOT CONCENTRATION BY VOLUME.

**Parameter** Min Max Units Comments 5 Range 0 % CO<sub>2</sub> 0 5 % of alarm setpoint Accuracy Temperature sensitivity Deviation from calibration 50 PPM/°C temperature To 90% of final value Response time 30 s Warmup time After power on 40 s

NOTE: ANALOX HAS A POLICY OF CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT AND RESERVES THE RIGHT TO UPGRADE OR CHANGE SPECIFICATIONS WITHOUT PRIOR NOTICE.

### 14.5 Operation at altitude

The toxic effects of  $CO_2$  are dependent on the partial pressure, or the quantity of gas molecules, not the percentage in the atmosphere; therefore at altitudes above 900 metres (3000 feet) alarms will operate below the factory calibration point. Please refer to our website for details of suitable alarm setpoints and calibration procedures at altitude. Note that this must be performed by an authorised engineer.

### 14.6 Product disposal

According to WEEE regulation this electronic product cannot be placed in household waste bins.

Please check local regulations for information on the disposal of electronic products in your area.



## 15 Warranty

The following Warranty is provided for the Ax60 carbon dioxide detector:

· 5-year Warranty, from the date of the original sales invoice

We warrant that the equipment will be free from defects in workmanship and materials.

The Warranty does not extend to, and we will not be liable for defects caused by the effects of normal wear and tear, erosion, corrosion, fire, explosion, misuse, use in any context or application for which the equipment is not designed or recommended, or unauthorised modification.

The Warranty will be void and shall cease to be effective in the event that the main CO<sub>2</sub> sensing element is tampered with, or in the event that any alterations or repairs are made or attempted, except in accordance with any specific previous written authorisation from us.

Following a valid Warranty Claim in accordance with the above, the equipment, upon receipt, will be repaired, or replaced without cost or charge, but at our discretion, we may elect instead to provide to you whichever is the lesser of the cost of replacement, or a refund of net purchase price paid, as per the original sales invoice.

We shall have no liability for losses, damages, costs or delays whatsoever.

We shall have no liability for any incidental or consequential losses or damages.

All express or implied warranties as to satisfactory or merchantable quality, fitness for a particular or general purpose or otherwise are excluded and no such warranties are made, or provided, save as set out in this Warranty.

In order to effectively notify a Warranty Claim, the claim with all relevant information and documentation should be sent in writing to:

Analox Sensor Technology Limited 15 Ellerbeck Court Stokesley Business Park Stokesley North Yorkshire TS9 5PT

Analox reserves the right to require proof of dispatch to us of the notification of Warranty Claim by any of the above alternative means.

The equipment should not be returned without prior written authority.

All shipping and insurance costs of returned equipment, are at the expense of the customer.

All returned items must be properly and sufficiently packed.

### По вопросам продаж и поддержки обращайтесь:

Алматы (727)345-47-04 Ангарск (3955)60-70-56 Архангельск (8182)63-90-72 Астрахань (8512)99-46-04 Барнаул (3852)73-04-60 Белгород (4722)40-23-64 Благовещенск (4162)22-76-07 Брянск (4832)59-03-52 Владивосток (423)249-28-31 Владикавказ (8672)28-90-48 Владимир (4922)49-43-18 Волгоград (844)278-03-48 Вологда (8172)26-41-59 Воронеж (473)204-51-73 Екатеринбург (343)384-55-89

Россия +7(495)268-04-70

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Казахстан +(727)345-47-04

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Беларусь +(375)257-127-884

Ростов-на-Дону (863)308-18-15 Рязань (4912)46-61-64 Самара (846)206-03-16 Санкт-Петербург (812)309-46-40 Саратов (845)249-38-78 Севастополь (8692)22-31-93 Саранск (8342)22-96-24 Симферополь (3652)67-13-56 Смоленск (4812)29-41-54 Сочи (862)225-72-31 Ставрополь (8652)20-65-13 Сургут (3462)77-98-35 Сыктывкар (8212)25-95-17 Тамбов (4752)50-40-97 Тверь (4822)63-31-35

**Узбекистан** +998(71)205-18-59

Тольятти (8482)63-91-07 Томск (3822)98-41-53 Тула (4872)33-79-87 Тюмень (3452)66-21-18 Ульяновск (8422)24-23-59 Улан-Удэ (3012)59-97-51 Уфа (347)229-48-12 Хабаровск (4212)92-98-04 Чебоксары (8352)28-53-07 Челябинск (351)202-03-61 Череповец (8202)49-02-64 Чита (3022)38-34-83 Якутск (4112)23-90-97 Ярославль (4852)69-52-93

Киргизия +996(312)96-26-47

эл.почта: axq@nt-rt.ru || сайт: https://analox.nt-rt.ru/